## Combinatorial Methods - list of theorems for the exam

- 1. Interval systems. Helly property. Transversal and matchings, their relation in arbitrary set systems. Algorithm to determine  $\tau$  and  $\nu$  for interval systems.
- 2. Interval systems. Decomposition into intersecting subsystems. Algorithm to find a decomposition into a minimum number of matchings.
- 3. Interval graphs. Induced cycles in interval graphs. First fit coloring for any graph.
- 4. Coloring number.  $\chi(G) \leq \operatorname{col}(G)$ . Algorithm determining the coloring number.
- 5. Helly propeerty of subtrees of a tree. Chordal graphs. Simplicial vertex, simplicial order. Equivalent definitions of chordal graphs.
- 6. Algorithms in chordal graphs.  $\alpha, \theta, \chi, \omega$ .
- 7. Tree-width. Tree decompositions. Tree decomposition with respect to chordal supergraph. Nice tree decomposition.
- 8. Algorithm to recognize if a graph is bipartite. Matchings in bipartite graphs. Alternating and augmenting paths. Transversals.
- 9. Algorithm to find a maximum matching a minimum transversal.
- 10. Hall's theorem. Application to distinct representatives of set systems.
- 11. Stable matchings, blocking edge. Algorithm to obtain a stable matching.
- 12. Maximum cut: there exists a cut containing half of the edges (2 algorithms, and a probabilistic proof).
- 13. Precoloring, list coloring. Relation to the coloring number. Example showing  $\chi(G)$  and  $\chi_{\ell}(G)$  can be different.
- 14. Kernel of directed graphs. Existence of a kernel for directed acyclic graphs and directed bipartite graphs. Application to list colorings of graphs.
- 15. Edge decompositions of complete graphs to matchings, Hamiltonian paths, Hamiltonian cycles.
- 16. Edge decompositions of complete graphs to complete graphs of fixed size (without proof), to complete bipartite graphs of variable sizes.
- 17. Projective planes of order q. Axioms and consequences.
- 18. Projective planes of order q: construction for prime power q.
- 19. Forbidden subgraphs. Mentel's theorem, Turán's theorem.
- 20. Forbidden subgraphs.  $C_4$ -free graphs.

## Exam:

- Part I: one from the above list is randomly assigned. Proofs are required for grades 4 and 5.
- Part II: 6-8 definitions and statements (without proof) are asked from any of the above topics. Not knowing 2-3 of these definitions / statements results in failing the exam.

Consultation: online, 2 days before the exam, at request to patkosb at gmail dot com